

PSY424H1-S: Social Psychology of Interpersonal Relationships (Summer 2023, LEC0101)

Wednesday and Friday, 11:00-14:00, SS1088; Course website: https://q.utoronto.ca

Contact Information	
Instructor: Liza Igoshina liza.igoshina@mail.utoronto.ca	Teaching Assistant: Niro Mohan niro.mohanathas@mail.utoronto.ca
Office hours: Friday, 09:30 – 10:30, SS4001	

Questions?

Whenever possible, please ask questions during class so others can benefit from the answer. Of course, some questions are best asked in a one-to-one setting. For these types of questions, you have 2 options:

- 1. Attend my office hours.
- 2. Send an email to me (<u>liza.igoshina@mail.utoronto.ca</u>) to request an alternative meeting time or with your questions, adhering to the following guidelines:
 - Send your email from your utoronto.ca account
 - Include PSY424 in the subject line (for context & to make sure I see it!)
 - Include a salutation such as "Dear Liza"
 - Clearly outline your concern or question and, if applicable, the steps you have taken so far to try to solve the problem or find the answer
 - Include a polite sign-off with your name
 - If appropriate (i.e., your question concerns an assignment graded by the TA see pgs. 3-4 of this document), cc the course TA, Niro.

If you do not receive a reply within 24 business hours, please send a polite follow-up email.

Prerequisites: It is your responsibility to ensure that you have met **all** prerequisite and exclusion criteria listed in the Psychology section of the A&S Calendar for this course: https://artsci.calendar.utoronto.ca/course/psy424h1 If you lack any prerequisites, you will be removed. No waivers will be granted.

Course Description & Goals

This lecture course focuses on the social psychology of interpersonal relationships between individuals, especially romantic or close relationships and friendships. It surveys what social psychologists have learned about the development, maintenance, disruption or dissolution of personal relationships and current social psychological theories of interpersonal relationships.

The *objective* of this course is to review what relationship science can tell us about close relationships. We will explore questions such as: Why are relationships so important to us? What informs our choice of friends and romantic partners? What predicts satisfaction and stability in relationships? And how can we become better romantic partners? These and other questions will be examined from a variety of theoretical perspectives, with an emphasis on where our scientific understanding of these topics currently stands and how it can be improved.

Readings & Course Materials

All course materials will be posted on Quercus. There is no textbook. Instead, readings are an assortment of both academic and non-academic articles (see pages 6-7 of this document).

Assessment

Overview:

<u>Participation</u>	
Beginning of Semester Survey	1%
Midterm Reflection	1%
End of Semester Reflection	1%
Written Assignments	
Term paper topic and rational	2%
Term paper outline and annotated bibliography	15%
Term paper	35%
<u>Tests</u>	
Midterm	20%
Final	25%
Optional Participation	
Peer-Review Process for Term Paper	10%

Beginning of Semester Survey:

At the beginning of the semester, you will complete a survey that will help me learn a little bit more about you, your comfort with the course content, writing skill, and learning goals. This will allow me to gauge how I communicate concepts to facilitate engagement and discussion.

Midterm and End of Semester Reflections:

Mid-way through the semester and at the end of the semester, you will submit a journal asking you to reflect both on the content and skills you have learned and what is working (and/or not working) for you in the course. This type of guided journaling can be beneficial for the consolidation of material and for gaining insights into one's own learning processes (e.g., Stevens & Cooper, 2009). Furthermore, they can help me correct any issues with the course material or structure to improve the quality of learning.

Term Paper:

The objective of this larger assignment is to conduct a literature review that examines one or more aspects of intimate relationships (romantic or otherwise), from a perspective that is not your own. For example, if you are a woman, you could examine men's friendships. Or if you happen to be in a relationship with someone of the same ethnicity, you could examine experiences of interracial couples. Your final paper will be 10-12 pages (not including the title page or references), double-spaced, and adhere to APA guidelines (7th edition). More information about expectations, grading rubrics, and suggested topics will be posted on Quercus and reviewed in class. *Short exercises and drafts designed to support the development of this paper (Term paper topic and rational & Term paper outline and annotated bibliography) will be worth 17% of your final grade.*

Optional Peer-Review Process (for the Term Paper):

If you wish to participate, you may submit a draft of your term paper for peer-review 3 weeks before the final due date, with reviews returned one week later and after you submit 2 of your own reviews of other papers. See below for dates. Completion of this entire peer-review process will gain you 10% towards your final grade in the course, making the grade you receive on your final paper worth 25% (rather than 35%) of your final grade. NOTE: To ensure peer-reviews are returned on time, all deadlines for the peer-review process are firm and cannot be extended for any reason (even in the case of an excused absence).

Tests:

Twice during the semester, you will complete an in-class test assessing your comprehension of the material covered in the lectures and readings before that date. Both tests will consist of short and long-answer written questions. More information about the format and expectations for these tests will be posted on Quercus and reviewed in class.

General notes about assessments and grades: As with your other courses, grades are based on the UofT grading policy, which you can review here: http://writing.utoronto.ca/advice/general/grading-policy.

Please note that we (i.e., your TA and I) understand that grades are important to you, and we do our very best to grade everything fairly and provide as much feedback as possible about what you have done well and how you could improve. However, if you ever want or need clarification on this feedback, please do not hesitate to request a meeting with the person who graded your work (see page 3-4 of this document). Finally, all grades will be posted within 2 weeks of the date the assignment or test was submitted or taken, except late work and final term paper and test. If you wish to contest a particular grade, students have a maximum of two weeks from the time they received the grade to contact the course instructor or the TA and ask for a re-grade. The re-grade can result in the grade being increased, remaining the same, or even being lowered after the reassessment.

Course Schedule

Assessments are bolded. All online submissions are made via Quercus and due by 11:59pm on the date listed. Due dates are subject to change by course instructor if needed. All changes will be announced in-class and/or on Quercus.

Tasks (in Suggested Order of Completion)		Dates
Attend (in person)	L1. Social Psychology of Interpersonal Relationships: Importance of Intimate Relationships & Course Overview	July 5
Read	L1 Reading(s): (Brown & Sacco, 2017; Cohen & Janicki-Deverts, 2009)	July 5
Submit	Beginning of Semester Survey (1%)	July 5 Graded by Instructor
	L2. The Scientific Study of Relationships: Tools of Relationship Science & Theoretical Frameworks	July 7
Read	L2 Reading(s): (Finkel et al., 2017)	July 7
Submit	Term paper topic and rational (2%)	July 7 Graded by TA
Attend (in person)	L3. Distinctions with Some Differences: Sex, Gender, & Sexual Orientation	July 12
Read	L3 Reading(s): (Burén & Lunde, 2018; Manley et al., 2015)	July 12
Asynchronous	L4. Relationship Initiation: Attraction & Courtship	July 14
Read	L4 Reading(s): (Dion et al., 1972; McIntosh et al., 2011)	July 14
Submit	Term paper outline and annotated bibliography (15%)	July 14 Graded by TA
Attend (in person)	L5. Relationship Development: Self-Disclosure & Intimacy	July 19
Read	L5 Reading(s): (Algoe, 2012; Trepte & Scharkow, 2017)	July 19

Attend (in-person)	Midterm Test (20%)	July 21 Graded by Instructor
Submit	Midterm Reflection (1%)	July 21 Graded by Instructor
Attend (in person)	L6. What We Bring to the Table: Personality & Personal Histories	July 26
Read	L6 Reading(s): (Segal & Fraley, 2016)	July 26
Submit	Term paper draft for peer review*	July 28 Participation optional Graded by TA
Attend (in person)	L7. Managing Differences: Conflict, Power, & Violence	July 28
Read	L7 Reading(s): (Gottman & Levenson, 1992; Overall, 2019)	July 28
Attend (in person)	L8. Thinking About Our Relationships: Beliefs, Standards, & Cognitive Maintenance Processes	August 2
Read	L8 Reading(s): (Knee et al., 2001; Lydon & Karremans, 2015)	August 2
Submit	Two Reviews for Peer Review Process* (10%, if complete entire peer review process)	August 2 Draft reviewed by 2 peers; Graded by TA
Attend (in person)	L9. The Broader Context: Stress, Resources, and Social Networks	August 4
Read	L9 Reading(s): (Muise et al., 2009; Randall & Bodenmann, 2009)	August 4
Attend (in person)	L10. Improving Relationships: Identifying Distress, Seeking Help, & The Role of Public Policy	August 9
Read	L10 Reading(s): TBD	August 9
Submit	Term Paper (35%; 25% if complete entire peer review process)	August 11 Graded by TA
	Final Test (25%)	August 11 Graded by Instructor
Submit	End of Semester Reflection (1%)	August 11 Graded by Instructor

^{*} Indicates due dates are FIRM and cannot be extended for any reason.

Course Policies

Late Work Policy:

You must use the <u>Absence Declaration tool on ACORN</u> to declare an absence if you require consideration for missed or late academic work (recording each day of your absence as soon as it begins, up until the day before you return to classes or other academic activities). After doing so, contact your instructor(s) to request the academic consideration you are seeking. If no extension has been granted, all late submissions will be penalized 10% (of the assignment grade) per 24hrs (or part thereof) after the due date and time (excluding weekends).

"Life Happens" Insurance:

However, sometimes life happens. As such, you will have access to use **ONE** late ticket, good for a 48-hour extension period for any assignment during the term, no questions asked. To use this late ticket, email your TA in advance of the time of the original deadline to indicate your intent, and then submit the assignment in the usual way at most 48 hours later.

Missed Test Policy:

If you miss the midterm or final test, register your absence (see above) and notify the instructor within one week. Failure to do so will result in a zero for the missed test. Once your absence has been documented, we will arrange a time for you to write a make-up test.

Academic Resources

Accessibility Needs:

Students with diverse learning styles and needs are welcome in this course. If you have an ongoing accommodation need, you should register with Accessibility Services (AS; accessibility.utoronto.ca) at the beginning of the semester. Without registration, you will not be able to verify your situation with your instructors, and instructors will not be advised about your accommodation needs. AS will then assess your situation, develop an accommodation plan with you, and support you in requesting accommodation for your coursework. Remember that the accommodation process is private: AS will not share details of your condition with any instructor, and your instructors will not reveal that you are registered with AS. *Note: The AS registration process can take some time, so start the process as soon as possible!*

Academic Integrity:

All students, faculty and staff are expected to follow the University's guidelines and policies on academic integrity. For students, this means following the standards of academic honesty when writing assignments, collaborating with fellow students, and writing tests and exams. Ensure that the work you submit for grading represents your own honest efforts. Plagiarism (i.e., representing someone else's work as your own or submitting work that you have previously submitted for marks in another class or program) is a serious offence that can result in sanctions. Speak to me or your TA for advice on anything that you find unclear. To learn more about how to cite and use source material appropriately and for other writing support, see the U of T writing support website at www.writing.utoronto.ca/. Consult the Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters for a complete outline of the University's policy and expectations. For more information, see http://www.artsci.utoronto.ca/osai and http://www.artsci.utoronto.ca/osai and http://www.artsci.utoronto.ca/osai and

Artificial intelligence (AI):

I emphasize the importance of honing your writing skills independently for your success in this course and beyond it. It is crucial to understand that AI engines cannot replace the essential skill development that comes with personal writing practice. Writing is a fundamental aspect of academic and professional growth, and it requires more than just generating text through AI tools. By practicing writing independently, you will refine your critical thinking abilities, enhance your communication skills, and develop a unique voice that reflects your understanding of psychological concepts. However, I acknowledge that technology can have its benefits when used appropriately. Sometimes, AI tools can stimulate creative thinking and provide alternative perspectives. Nonetheless, it is essential to exercise caution and responsibility when utilizing such tools. Remember, using AI engines should complement your learning process, not replace the effort and dedication required for personal growth. I encourage you to approach AI-generated content as a starting point for exploration and further development rather than a substitute for your own learning, communication, and writing.

Mental Health:

Everyone feels stressed or anxious now and then – it's a normal part of university life. In a recent National College Health Assessment (published in 2017), however, 64% of UofT students surveyed reported experiencing overwhelming anxiety in the past 12 months and 45% reported feeling so depressed it was hard to function. If you are ever experiencing anxiety, depression, or any other symptoms that are preventing you from completing your work and/or benefiting from your university experience, I encourage you to investigate U of T's various resources: https://mentalhealth.utoronto.ca. If you are experiencing more acute distress, please visit: https://mentalhealth.utoronto.ca/get-urgent-help/.

Required Reading List

- Algoe, S. B. (2012). Find, remind, and bind: The functions of gratitude in everyday relationships: Gratitude in relationships. *Social and Personality Psychology Compass*, 6(6), 455–469. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1751-9004.2012.00439.x
- Brown, M., & Sacco, D. F. (2017). Greater need to belong predicts a stronger preference for extraverted faces. *Personality and Individual Differences*, *104*, 220–223. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.paid.2016.08.012
- Burén, J., & Lunde, C. (2018). Sexting among adolescents: A nuanced and gendered online challenge for young people. *Computers in Human Behavior*, 85, 210–217. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chb.2018.02.003
- Cohen, S., & Janicki-Deverts, D. (2009). Can we improve our physical health by altering our social networks? *Perspectives on Psychological Science*, *4*(4), 375–378. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1745-6924.2009.01141.x
- Dion, K., Berscheid, Ellen, & Walster, Elaine. (1972). What is beautiful is good? *Journal of Personality & Social Psychology*, 24(3), 285–290.
- Finkel, E. J., Simpson, J. A., & Eastwick, P. W. (2017). The psychology of close relationships: Fourteen core principles. *Annual Review of Psychology*, *68*(1), 383–411. https://doi.org/10.1146/annurev-psych-010416-044038
- Gottman, J. M., & Levenson, R. W. (1992). Marital processes predictive of later dissolution:

 Behavior, physiology, and health. *Journal of Personality & Social Psychology*, *63*(2), 221–233.
- Knee, C. R., Nanayakkara, A., Vietor, N. A., Neighbors, C., & Patrick, H. (2001). Implicit theories of relationships: Who cares if romantic partners are less than ideal?
 Personality and Social Psychology Bulletin, 27(7), 808–819.
 https://doi.org/10.1177/0146167201277004

- Lydon, J., & Karremans, J. C. (2015). Relationship regulation in the face of eye candy: A motivated cognition framework for understanding responses to attractive alternatives.
 Current Opinion in Psychology, 1, 76–80. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.copsyc.2015.01.011
- Manley, M. H., Diamond, L. M., & van Anders, S. M. (2015). Polyamory, monoamory, and sexual fluidity: A longitudinal study of identity and sexual trajectories. *Psychology of Sexual Orientation and Gender Diversity*, *2*(2), 168–180. https://doi.org/10.1037/sgd0000098
- McIntosh, W. D., Dawson, B. L., Scott, A. J., & Locker, L. (2011). Willingness to Date across Race: Differences among Gay and Heterosexual Men and Women. *Psychological Reports*, *108*(3), 711–716. https://doi.org/10.2466/07.PR0.108.3.711-716
- Muise, A., Christofides, E., & Desmarais, S. (2009). More information than you ever wanted:

 Does Facebook bring out the green-eyed monster of jealousy? *CyberPsychology* & *Behavior*, 12(4), 441–444. https://doi.org/10.1089/cpb.2008.0263
- Overall, N. C. (2019). Attachment insecurity and power regulation in intimate relationships.

 Current Opinion in Psychology, 25, 53–58.

 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.copsyc.2018.03.004
- Randall, A. K., & Bodenmann, G. (2009). The role of stress on close relationships and marital satisfaction. *Clinical Psychology Review*, 29(2), 105–115. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cpr.2008.10.004
- Segal, N., & Fraley, R. C. (2016). Broadening the investment model: An intensive longitudinal study on attachment and perceived partner responsiveness in commitment dynamics.

 Journal of Social and Personal Relationships, 33(5), 581–599.

 https://doi.org/10.1177/0265407515584493
- Trepte, S., & Scharkow, M. (2017). How social capital and social support received in media environments contribute to well-being. In L. Reinecke & M. B. Oliver (Eds.), *The Routledge handbook of media use and well-being: International perspectives on theory and research on positive media effects* (pp. 304–316). Taylor & Francis Group.